

Table with financial data: Disbursements, Register letters originating in this office, Total register letters handled, DEPARTMENTS, Total pouches, Number of the sacks sent from this office, Total pouches and sacks handled.

JOHN N. BURNAN, Esq., Postmaster, Warsaw, Indiana. "Sir—By reason of your appointment as Postmaster at Warsaw, Indiana, you are hereby designated a United States Depository of Public Money, at that place, under the provisions of Section 3639, Revised Statutes of the United States, and in accordance with the conditions of Department's circular of March 12, 1879, copy inclosed.

The provisions of the foregoing appointment have been complied with, and the following announcement from the Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., is made: The Secretary of the Treasury calls attention to the 4 per cent. Refunding Certificates of the United States, to be issued under the following provisions of the Act of Congress, approved February 26, 1879, entitled "An Act to authorize the issue of Certificates of Deposit, in aid of the refunding of the Public Debt," to wit:

"Each Certificate will be denominated ten (10) dollars; will be made nearly of the form and size of a United States note, and will bear, on its face and back, the conditions of its issue, as follows (on the face): United States Refunding Certificate. Ten Dollars.

"This certifies that the sum of Ten Dollars has been deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, under Act of February 26, 1879.

"Convertible, with accrued interest, at 4 per cent per annum, into 4 per cent bonds of the United States, issued under the Act of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871, upon presentation at the office of the Treasurer of the United States, Washington, D. C., in sums of \$50, or multiples thereof.

Under this class the United States has received the handsome sum of \$33,000, for which he has issued "United States Refunding Certificates, Act of February 26, 1879," indicating not only that the people have confidence in the certificates, but that J. N. Burnan is the man they want to have them of.

THE KOSCIUSKO COUNTY BAR.

THE WRITER IN THE NORTHERN INDIANIAN for December 28, 1878, whose notes we here use, deservedly stands in the front rank of his profession, not only in the county, but in the State; and it is with no ordinary willingness or confidence that we incorporate his reminiscences with the history of the bar.

Supreme Court, that the Chief Justice has invited all who wished admission to the bar of that high court, to rise and be sworn in, without even the indorsement of anybody, and a score of men who, for aught the judges knew or seemed to care, had of been just out of the penitentiary, or escaped from it, became, at once, members of that court!

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It appearing to the satisfaction of the undersigned, president judges of the 8th and 9th Judicial Circuits of the State aforesaid, that it is certified of record in the Elkhardt Circuit Court, that William C. Graves, Esquire, is a man of good moral character, and on having examined him touching his qualifications to practice law, do, by these presents, license and authorize him, the said William, to practice as an attorney and counselor at law and solicitor in chancery in all the Circuit and inferior courts of record in said State.

A. J. Bair is one of those rare cases, where a man of excellent capacity and qualifications, with regular and studious habits, nevertheless loses hope of attaining professional standing, and quits. His legal education had been good, and his general intelligence was also unusually varied.

James H. Carpenter also came to the bar late in life. He had first studied medicine and practiced it with success. He then studied law. Nothing short of the greatest perseverance will, under such circumstances, win success in the legal profession, so difficult is it to withdraw the mind from early channels of thought.

The following is the roll of attorneys admitted to practice law in the Kosciusko Circuit Court, from the organization of said court, A. D. 1836, to the present date, who practiced in all the counties of the Eighth and Ninth Judicial Circuits, and the earlier years of the Kosciusko Circuit Court.

Table of attorneys admitted to practice law in the Kosciusko Circuit Court from 1836 to 1839. Lists names and dates of admission.

Table of resident attorneys admitted after the adoption of the new Constitution, November 1, 1851. Lists names and dates of admission.

From the "Constitution of the Bar Association of the Thirty-third Judicial Circuit of Indiana," we extract the following: 1. The association shall be known as the Bar Association of the Thirty-third Judicial Circuit of Indiana. 2. The purposes of the Association are to elevate the character of the bar, to promote harmony and good-will among lawyers, and generally to advance the just interests of the profession, assist the courts in the administration of justice, and to suggest useful legislation.

5. Applications for admission to the Association shall be made to the Committee on Admissions, who shall carefully investigate the moral character of the applicant, examine him concerning his learning in the law, and make report thereof to the Association, whereupon a vote by ballot shall be taken on the question of the admission of the applicant, and, if two-thirds or more of the votes cast shall be in the affirmative, he shall be admitted upon signing the Constitution, and shall be entitled to the good offices of the Association in obtaining admission to the bar. It shall also be the special duty of the members of this Committee, and each member thereof, with vigilance, and by discreet and proper efforts, to aid the courts in preventing admission to the bar of unfit persons.